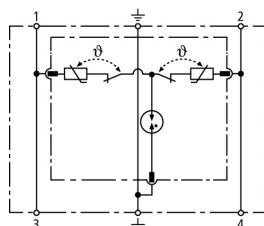


DR M 2P 30 (953 201)

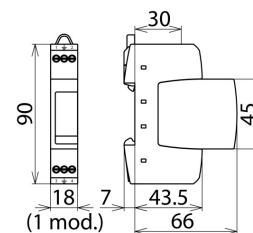
- Two-pole surge arrester consisting of a base part and a plug-in protection module
- High discharge capacity due to heavy-duty zinc oxide varistor / spark gap combination
- Energy coordination with other arresters of the Red/Line product family



Figure without obligation



Basic circuit diagram DR M 2P 30



Dimension drawing DR M 2P 30

Two-pole surge arrester consisting of a base part and a plug-in protection module.

Type Part No.	DR M 2P 30 953 201
SPD according to EN 61643-11 / IEC 61643-11	type 3 / class III
Nominal voltage (a.c.) (U_N)	24 V (50 / 60 Hz)
Max. continuous operating voltage (a.c.) (U_C)	30 V (50 / 60 Hz)
Max. continuous operating voltage (d.c.) (U_C)	30 V
Nominal load current (a.c.) (I_L)	25 A
Nominal discharge current (8/20 μ s) (I_n)	1 kA
Total discharge current (8/20 μ s) [L+N-PE] (I_{total})	2 kA
Combination wave (U_{OC})	2 kV
Combination wave [L+N-PE] ($U_{OC total}$)	4 kV
Voltage protection level [L-N] / [L/N-PE] (U_P)	≤ 180 / ≤ 630 V
Response time [L-N] (t_A)	≤ 25 ns
Response time [L/N-PE] (t_A)	≤ 100 ns
Max. mains-side overcurrent protection	25 A gG or B 25 A
Short-circuit withstand capability for mains-side overcurrent protection with 25 A gG (I_{SCCR})	6 kA _{rms}
Operating temperature range (T_U)	-40 °C ... +80 °C
Operating state / fault indication	green / red
Number of ports	1
Cross-sectional area (min.)	0.5 mm ² solid / flexible
Cross-sectional area (max.)	4 mm ² solid / 2.5 mm ² flexible
For mounting on	35 mm DIN rails acc. to EN 60715
Enclosure material	thermoplastic, red, UL 94 V-0
Place of installation	indoor installation
Degree of protection	IP 20
Capacity	1 module(s), DIN 43880
Approvals	KEMA, VDE, UL, CSA, ATEX, IECEx
ATEX approvals	TÜV 22 ATEX 8930 X: II 3 G Ex ec IIC T4 Gc
IECEx approvals	IECEx TUR 22.0080X: Ex ec IIC T4 Gc
Weight	80 g
Customs tariff number (Comb. Nomenclature EU)	85363030
GTIN	4013364109674
PU	1 pc(s)

We reserve the right to introduce changes in performance, configuration and technology, dimensions, weights and materials in the course of technical progress. The figures are shown without obligation.